



All DC Inverter Ultima Series Cooling Only Outdoor Unit **Installation Manual**

ENGLISH

 Read this Manual before the operation and keep it for reference.
 Read all safety precautions on the manual, improper use can cause serious injury.

Specification and performance data listed herein are subject to change without notice



1. PRECAUTIONS

CONTENTS

- Ensure that all Local, National and International regulations are satisfied.
- Read this "PRECAUTIONS" carefully before Installation.
- The precautions described below include the important items regarding safety. Observe them without fail.
- After the installation work, perform a trial operation to check for any problem.
- Follow the Owner's Manual to explain how to use and maintain the unit to the customer.
- Turn off the main power supply switch (or breaker) before maintenance the unit.
- Ask the customer that the Installation Manual and the Owner's Manual should be kept together.



CAUTION

New Refrigerant Air Conditioner Installation

THIS AIR CONDITIONER ADOPTS THE NEW HFC REFRIGERANT(R410A)WHICH DOES NOT DESTROY OZONE LAYER.

The characteristics of R410A refrigerant are; Hydrophilic, oxidizing membrane or oil, and its pressure is approx.1.6 times higher than that of refrigerant R22.Accompanied with the new refrigerant, refrigerating oil has also been changed ,Therefore, during installation work, be sure that water, dust, former refrigerant, or refrigerating oil does not enter the refrigerating cycle.

To prevent charging an incorrect refrigerant and refrigerating oil, the sizes of connecting sections of charging port of the main unit and installation tools are charged from those for the conventional refrigerant.

Accordingly the exclusive tools are required for the new refrigerant (R410A):

For connecting pipes, use new and clean piping designed for R410A, and please care so that water or dust does not enter. Moreover, do not use the existing piping because there are problems with pressure-resistance force and impurity in it.



CAUTION

Do not connect the Appliance from Main Power Supply.

This unit must be connected to the main power supply by means of a switch with a contact separation of at least 3 mm. The installation fuse must be used for the power supply line of this conditioner.



PAGE

WARNING

If the supply cord is damaged, it must be replaced by the manufacturer or its service agent or a similarly qualified person in order to avoid a hazard.

An all-pole disconnection switch having a contact separation of at least 3mm in all poles should be connected in fixed wiring. The appliance shall be installed in accordance with national wiring regulations.

The temperature of refrigerant circuit will be high, please keep the interconnection cable away from the copper tube.

An all-pole disconnection device which has at least 3mm separation distance in all pole and a residual current device(RCD)with the rating of above 10mA shall be incorporated in the fixed wiring according to the national rule.

The power cord type designation is H05RN-R/H07RN-F or above. Ask an authorized dealer or qualified installation professional to install/maintain the air conditioner.

Inappropriate installation may result in water leakage, electric shock or fire.

Turn off the main power supply switch or breaker before attempting any electrical work.

Make sure all power switches are off. Failure to do so may cause electric shock.

Connect the connecting cable correctly.

If the connecting cable is connected in a wrong way, electric parts may be damaged.

When moving the air conditioner for the installation into another place, be very careful not to enter any gaseous matter other than the specified refrigerant into the refrigeration cycle.

If air or any other has is mixed in refrigerant, the gas pressure in the refrigeration cycle becomes abnormally high and it may resultingly causes pipe burst and injuries on persons.

Do not modify this unit by removing any of the safety guards or by by-passing any of the safety interlock switches.

Exposure of unit to water or other moisture before installation may cause a short-circuit of electrical parts.

Do not store it in a wet basement or expose to rain or water.

After unpacking the unit, examine it carefully if there are possible damage.

Do not install in a place that might increase the vibration of the unit.

To avoid personal injury (with sharp edges), be careful when handling parts.

Perform installation work properly according to the Installation Manual.

Inappropriate installation may result in water leakage, electric shock

When the air conditioner is installed in a small room, provide appropriate measures to ensure that the concentration of refrigerant leakage occur in the room does not exceed the critical level.

Install the air conditioner securely in a location where the base can sustain the weight adequately.

Perform the specified installation work to guard against an earthquake.

If the air conditioner is not installed appropriately, accidents may occur due to the falling unit.

If refrigerant gas has leaked during the installation work, ventilate the room immediately.

If the leaked refrigerant gas comes in contact with fire, noxious gas may generate.

After the installation work, confirm that refrigerant gas doer not leak.

If refeigerant gas leaks into the room and flows near a fire source, such as a cooking range, noxious gas might generate.

Electrical work must be performed by a qualified electrician in accordance with the Installation Manual. Make sure the air conditioner uses an exclusive power supply.

An insufficient power supply capacity or inappropriate installation may cause fire.

Use the specified cables for wiring connect the terminals securely fix. To prevent external forces applied to the terminals from affecting the terminals.

Be sure to provide grounding.

Do not connect ground wires to gas pipes, water pipes, lightning rods or ground wires for telephone cables.

Conform to the regulations of the local electric company when wiring the power supply.

Inappropriate grounding may cause electric shock.

Do not install the air conditioner in a location subject to a risk of exposure to a combustible gas.

If a combustible gas leaks, and stays around the unit, a fire may occur.

Required tools for installation work

- 1) Philips screw driver
- 2) Hole core drill(65mm)
- 3) Spanner
- 4) Pipe cutter
- 5) Knife
- 6) Reamer
- 7) Gas leak detector
- 8) Tape measure

- 9) Thermometer
- 10) Mega-tester
- 11) Electro circuit tester
- 12) Hexagonal wrench
- 13) Flare tool
- 14) Pipe bender
- 15) Level vial
- 16) Metal saw
- 17) Gauge manifold (Charge hose:R410A special requirement)
- 18) Vacuum pump (Charge hose:R410A special requirement)
- 19) Torque wrench

1/4(17mm)16N•m (1.6kgf•m)

3/8(22mm)42N•m (4.2kgf•m)

1/2(26mm)55N•m (5.5kgf•m)

5/8(15.9mm)120N•m (12.0kgf•m)

- 20) Copper pipe gauge adjusting projection margin
- 21) Vacuum pump adapter

2. ATTACHED FITTINGS

Please check whether the following fittings are of full scope. If there are some spare fittings, please restore them carefully.

	NAME	SHAPE	QUANTITY
INSTALLATION FITTINGS	Outdoor unit installation manual		1
	2. Outdoor unit owner's manual		1
	3. Indoor unit owner's manual		1
	4. Build-out resistor		2
	5. Adaptor (48/56kBtu/h)		1

Refrigerant Piping

Piping kit used for the conventional refrigerant cannot be used. Use copper pipe with 0.8 mm or more thickness for $\phi 9.5.$ Use copper pipe with 1.0 mm or more thickness for $\phi 15.9.$ Use copper pipe with 1.0 mm or more thickness for $\phi 19.0.$ Flare nut and flare works are also different form those of the conventional refrigerant take out the flare nut attached to the main unit of the air conditioner, and use it.

Before installation

Be careful to the following items before installation.

Air purae

For air purge, use a vacuum pump.

Do not use refrigerant charged in the outdoor unit for air purge. (The refrigerant for air purge is not contained in the outdoor unit.)

Electrical cabling

Be sure to fix the power cables and indoor/outdoor connecting cables with clamps so that they do not contact with the cabinet, etc.

Installation Place

A place which provides a specified space around the outdoor unit. A place were the operation noise and discharged air are not given to your neighbors.

A place that is not exposed to a strong wind.

A place that does not block a passage.

When the outdoor unit is installed in an elevated position, make sure it's four feet securely installed.

There must be sufficient space for carrying in the unit.

A place where the drain water does not make any problem.

CAUTION

- Install the outdoor unit at a place where discharge air is not blocked.
- When an outdoor unit is installed in a place that is always exposed to a strong wind like a coast or on a high storey of a building, secure a normal fan operation by using a duct or a wind shield.

- When installing the outdoor unit in a place that is constantly exposed to a strong wind such as the upper stairs or rooftop of a building, apply the windproof measures referring to the following examples.
- Install the unit so that its discharge port faces to the wall of the building. Keep a distance of 2000mm or more between the unit and the wall surface.

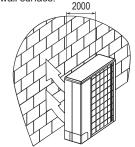


Fig. 2-1

• Supposing the wind direction during the operation season of the discharge port is set at right angle to the wind direction.

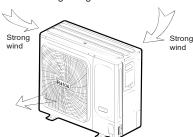


Fig.2-2

- Installation in the following places may result in some troubles.
 Do not install the unit in such places below.
 - A place full of machine oil.
 - A place full of sulphuric gas.
 - A place where high-frequency radio waves are likely to be generated as from audio quipment, welders, and medical equipment.

3. OUTDOOR UNIT INSTALLATION

3.1 Installation place

Please keep away from the following place, or malfunction of the machine may be caused:

- There is combustible gas leakage.
- There is much oil (including engine oil) ingredient.
- There is salty air surrounding(near the coast)
- There is caustic gas (the sulfide, for example) existing in the air (near a hotspring)
- A place the heat air expelled out from the outdoor unit can reach your neighbor's window.
- A place that the noise interferes your neighbors every day life
- · A place that is too weak to bear the weight of the unit
- · Uneven place.
- Insufficient ventilation place.
- Near a private power station or high Frequency equipment.
- Install indoor unit, outdoor unit, power cord and connecting wire at least 1m away from TV set or radio to prevent noise or picture interference.
- Install the unit in the place that can offer enough space for installation and maintenance.Don't install it in the place that has a high requirement for noise, such as the bed room.

The insulation of the metal parts of the building and the air conditioner should comply with the regulation of National Electric Standard.



CAUTION

Keep indoor unit, outdoor unit, power supply wiring and transmission wiring at least 1 meter away from televisions and radios. This is to prevent image interference and noise in those electrical appliances. (Noise may be generated depending on the conditions under which the electric wave is generated, even if 1 meter is kept.)

3.2 Installation space (Unit:mm)

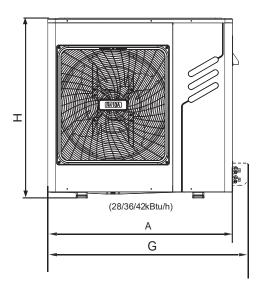


Fig.3-1

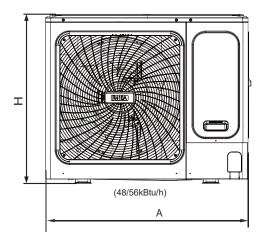


Fig. 3-2

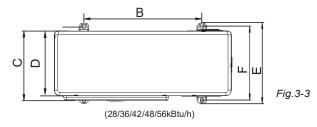
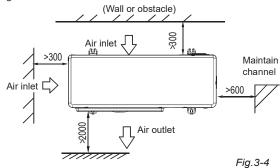


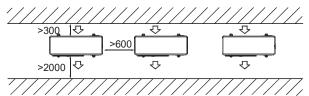
table 3-1 (unit: mm)

MODEL (kBtu/h)	Α	В	С	D	Ш	F	G	Ι	Fig
28/36/42	895	590	346	302	355	333	973	862	Fig.3-1 Fig.3-3
48/56	1040	656	452	410	523	463		865	Fig.3-2 Fig.3-3

Single unit installation



Parallel connect the two units or above



Parallel connect the front with rear sides

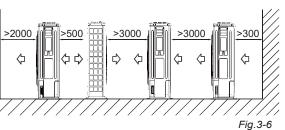


Fig.3-5

3.3 Moving and installation

- Since the gravity center of the unit is not at its physical center, so please be careful when lifting it with a sling.
- Never hold the inlet of the outdoor unit to prevent it from deforming.
- · Do not touch the fan with hands or other objects.
- Do not lean it more than 45°, and do not lay it sidelong.
- Make concrete foundation according to the sepecifications of the outdoor units.(refer to Fig.3-7)
- Fasten the feet of this unit with bolts firmly to prevent it from collapsing in case of earthquake or strong wind. (refer to Fig.3-7)

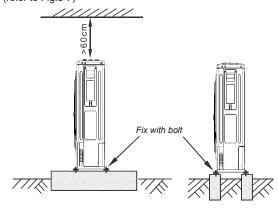


Fig.3-7

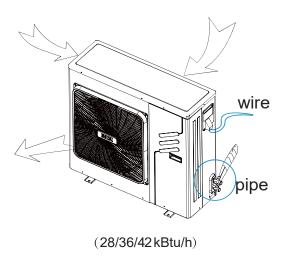


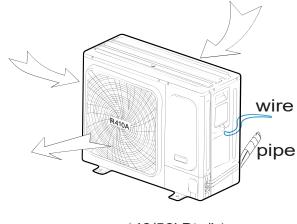
NOTE

All the pictures in this manual are for explanation purpose only. They may be slightly different from the air conditioner you purchased(depend on model). The actual shape shall prevail.

4. INSTALL THE CONNECTING PIPE

Check whether the height drop between the indoor unit and outdoor unit, the length of refrigerant pipe, and the number of the bends meet the following requirements:





(48/56kBtu/h)

Fig.4-1

4.1 Refrigerant piping



CAUTION

Please pay attention to avoid the components while connect to the connecting pipes.

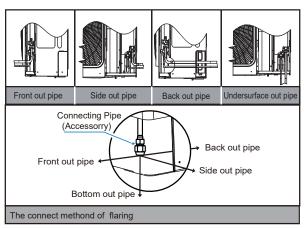
To prevent the refrigerant piping from oxidizing inside when welding, it is necessary to charge nitrogen, or oxide will chock the circulation system.

48/56kBtu/h

The indoor and outdoor connecting pipe interface and power line outlet

Vavious piping and viring patterns can be selected, such as out from the front ,the back the side ,and undersurface, etc. (The follow display the locations of several piping and wiring knock-off interfaces)

Table 4-1



For the 48kBtu/h outdoor unit's back out pipe connection, adaptor is suggestted to be used. For the 56kBtu/h outdoor unit's, adaptor is suggestted to be used in all directions out pipe connection.

After connection, The openings should be blocked with rubber mud, baffles, or other seals to prevent rats and insects from entering.



CAUTION

Side out pipe: please remove the L-shape metal plate, otherwise can not wiring.

Back out pipe:please wipe off the piping support rubber blanket beside the inner outlet pipe cover of the machine while back side getting out pipes.

Front out pipe: cut the frontal hole of the pipe-outlet plate. The method of the out pipe in the same way of the back out pipe. Undersurface outlet pipe: the knock out should from inside to outside, and then piping and wiring through this. Pay attention to the piping the fat connecting pipe should out from the largest hole, otherwise the pipes will be rubbed. Please do the moth proofing for the knocked out hole, to avoid the pest processing into and destroy the components.

4.2 Leak Detection

Use soap water or leak detector to check every joint whether leak or not (Refer to Fig.4-2).Note:

- A is low pressure side stop valve
- B is high pressure side stop valve
- C and D is connecting pipes interface of indoor and outdoor units

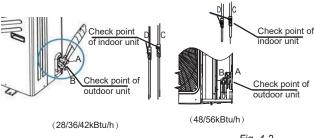


Fig. 4-2

4.3 Heat Insulation

Do the heat insulation to the pipes of gas side and liquid side separately. The temperature of the pipes of gas side and liquid side when cooling, for avoiding condensation please do the heat insulation fully.

- The gas side pipe should use closed cell foamed insulation material, which the fire-retardant is B1 grade and the heat resistance over 120°C.
- When the external diameter of copper pipe≤Φ12.7mm, the thickness of the insulating layer at least more than 15mm; When the external diameter of copper pipe≥Φ15.9mm, the thickness of the insulating layer at least more than 20mm.
- Please use attached heaf-insulating materials do the heat insulation without clearance for the connecting parts of the indoor unit pipes.

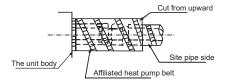


Fig. 4-3

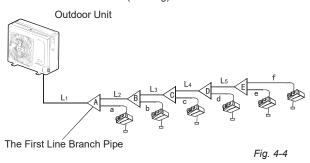
4.4 Connecting method

Select refrigerant pipe

Table 4-2

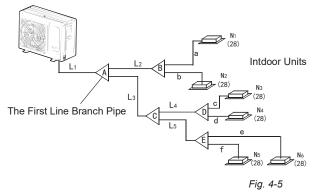
Pipe definition	pe definition Pipe connect position	
Main pipe	The pipe between outdoor unit to the first branch of indoor unit.	L1
The main pipes of indoor unit	The pipe after the first branch do not drect connect with the indoor unit.	L2~L5
The branch pipes of indoor unit	The pipe after the branch connect with the indoor unit.	a, b, c, d, e, f
Indoor unit branch pipes components	The pipes connect with the main pipe the branch pipe and the the main pipe of indoor unit.	A, B, C, D, E

• The first connect methond(Welding)



The second connect methond(Welding)

Outdoor Unit(Take Model 56 for example)



The third connect methond(Flaring)

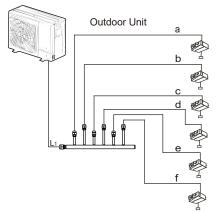


Fig. 4-6



NOTE

- The distance between the first buranch to the last indoor unit is more than 15m,choose the second connect methond.
- The pipe between the indoor unit to the closest branch must less than 15m.

4.5 Confirmation for the diameters of indoor unit connecting pipes

- Size of main pipe and corresponding branch joint and branch header
 - 1) R410A Indoor unit connecting pipes diameters 4-3 o
- 2) Example 1: In the Fig.4-5,The downstream inner units of the L2,and its total capacity is $28\times2=56$, refers to the Table 4.4,the gas/liquid side of L2 is: $\Phi15.9/\Phi9.5$

R410A Indoor unit connecting pipes diameters

Table 4-3	_
	2

Total capactiy of	Main pipe	Dunnah Dina	
the downstream inner units	Gas pipe	liquid pipe	Branch Pipe
A<166	Ф 15. 9	Ф9.5	FQZHN-01D
166≤A<222	Ф 19. 1	Ф9.5	FQZHN-01D

4.6 Confirmation for the diameters of outdoor unit connecting pipes

R410A outdoor unit connecting pipes diameters

Table 4-4

Total capa- ctiy of The outdoor	ai equivalent piping length			Main pipe size when the tot- al equivalent piping length of liquid + gas side is ≥90m		
units	gas side (mm)	liquid si- de(mm)	The first Line Branch Pipe	gas side (mm)	liquid si- de (mm)	The first Line Branch Pipe
A<160	Ф 15. 9	Ф9.5	FQZHN-01D	Ф19.1	Ф9.5	FQZHN-01D
160≤A<222	Ф 19. 1	Ф9.5	FQZHN-01D	Ф22.2	Ф9.5	FQZHN-02C

9

NOTE

- The straight distance between copper pipe turning and the contiguous branch pipe is at least 0.5m;
- The straight distance between the contiguous branchpipes is at least 0.5m;
- The straight distance which the branch pipes connected to the indoor unit is at least 0.5m;
- Branch header must be connected with indoor units directly, the further branch connection is not allowed.
- Select branch joint

Select the branch joint according to the total designed capacity of indoor units which it connects to. If this capacity is more than that of the outdoor unit, then select the connection according to the outdoor unit.

 The selection of branch header depends on the quantity of branches it connects to.

Connection method

Table 4-5

	Gas side	Liquid side
28kBtu/h	Flaring	Flaring
36kBtu/h	Flaring	Flaring
42 kBtu/h	Flaring	Flaring
48kBtu/h	Flaring	Flaring
56kBtu/h	Flaring	Flaring
Indoor unit	Flaring	Flaring
Branch pipe	Welding or Flaring	Welding or Flaring

Piping sizes at the branch pipe

Table 4-6

Refrigerant	Indoor Unit Capacity A(x100W)	Gas Side (Φ)	Liquid Side (Φ)
	A≤45	12.7(Flaring nut)	6.4(Flaring nut)
R410A	A≥56	15.9(Flaring nut)	9.5(Flaring nut)

■ Pipe diameter of the connector in the outdoor unit's body

Table 4-7

Piping	Pipe diameter of outdoor unit's connector(mm)				
MODEL (kBtu/h)	Gas Side	Liquid Side			
28	Ф 15. 9	Ф9.5			
36	Ф 15. 9	Ф9.5			
42	Ф 15. 9	Ф9.5			
48	Ф 15. 9	Ф9.5			
56	Ф 15. 9	Φ9.5			

Table 4-8

Table 1 0			
Outdoor Unit (kBtu/h)	Capacity of Outdoor unit (horsepower)	Maximum Quantity of Indoor unit	Sum Capacity of Indoor unit (horsepower)
28	2.5	4	45%~130%
36	3	5	45%~130%
42	4	6	45%~130%
48	5	8	45%~130%
56	6	9	45%~130%

(The quantity of indoor unit more than or equal to two, each indoor unit of capacity should be not more than 8.0kW.)

When capacity of indoor unit greater than the sum of 100%, capacity of indoor unit will be attenuated.

When capacity of indoor unit greater than or equal to the sum of 120%, in order to ensure the effectiveness of machine, and then try to open the indoor units at different time.

When the capacity of indoor unit is greater than or equal to 16.6kW, the caliber of primary gas pipe should be augmented from Φ 16 to Φ 19.

Table 4-9

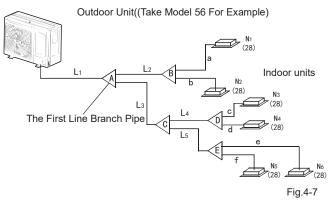
Capacity ranking	Capacity (horsepower)	Capacity ranking	Capacity (horsepower)
18	0.6	80	3
22	0.8	90	3.2
28	1	100	3.6
36	1.25	112	4
45	1.6	140	5
56	2	160	6
71	2.5		

When the outdoor unit connects one indoor unit

Table 4-10

MODEL	The max height drop(m)		The length of	The number		
(kBtu/h)	When outdoor unit is top	When outdoor unit is bottom	refrigerant pipe(m)	of bends		
28	25	20	50			
36	25	20	50			
42	25	20	50	less than 10		
48	25	20	50	1000 11011 10		
56	25	20	50			

4.7 Illustration



Caution: Suppose in the displayed piping system, the total equivalent piping length of gas side + liquid side is longer than 90m.

- Indoor unit branch pipe
 - Inner branch pipes are a∼f, the size selection please refers to Table4-6. Note: The max. length of the branch pipe should not longer than 15m.
- The main pipes of indoor unit and the indoor unit branch pipe components
- The downstream inner units of the main pipe L2 are N1, N2, and its total capacity is 28×2=56, the size of pipe L2 isΦ15.9/Φ9.5, and the branch pipe B should be FQZHN-01D.
- The downstream inner units of the main pipe L4 are N3, N4, and its total capacity is 28×2=56, the size of pipe L4 isΦ15.9/Φ9.5, and the branch pipe D should be FQZHN-01D.
- The downstream inner units of the main pipe L5 are N5, N6, and its total capacity is 28+28=56, the size of pipe L5 isΦ15.9/Φ9.5, and the branch pipe E should be FQZHN-01D.
- The indoor unit below to the main pipe L3 are N3∼N6, and its total capacity is 28×4=112, the size of pipe L3 isΦ15.9/Φ9.5, and he branch pipe C should be FQZHN-01D.
- The indoor unit below to the main pipe A are N1~N6, and its total capacity is 28×6=168, and the branch pipe should be FQZHN-01D, and because the total piping length of liquid + air side is ≥90m, check Table.4-4, and the first branch pipe should apply FQZHN-02C, and according to the principle of maximum value, it should apply FQZHN-02C.
- Main pipe (Please refer to Fig.4-6 and Fig.4-8)

In Fig.4-7, the main pipe L1, the outdoor unit capacity is 17kW, and check the Fig.4-8 to get the size of gas pipe/liquid pipe is Φ 19.1/ Φ 9.5, and aslo the total equivalent length of liquid side and gas side pipes is >90m,then check the Fig.4-4 to get the size of gas pipe/liquid pipe is Φ 22.2/ Φ 9.5, and according to the maximum value principle, it should apply the Φ 22.2/ Φ 9.5.

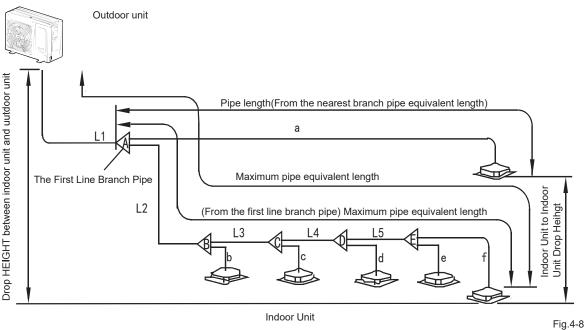
Allowable length and altitude difference of refrigerant pipe

table 4-11

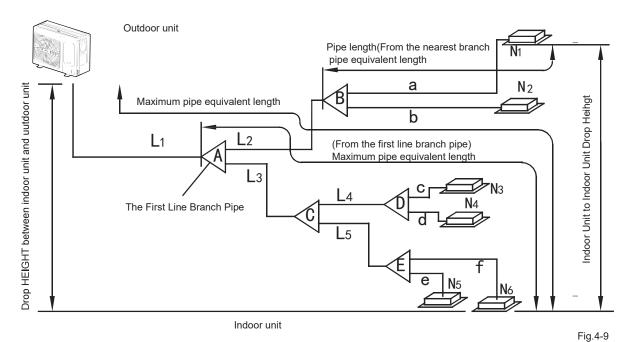
		Pimitted value	Piping	
Pipe Length	Total Pipe Length(Actual)		≤100m	L1+L2+L3+L4+L5+a+b+c+d+e+f
	Maximum Piping(L)	Actual Length	≤45m (28/36/42kBtu/h) ≤60m (48/56kBtu/h)	L1+L2+L3+L4+L5+f(The first connect methond)
		Equivalent Length	≤50m (28/36/42kBtu/h) ≤70m (48/56kBtu/h)	or L1+L3+L5+f(The second connect methond)
	Pipe Length(from the first line branch pipe to furhtest indoor unit)(m)		≤20m	L2+L3+L4+L5+f(The first connect methond) or L3+L5+f(The second connect methond)
	Pipe Length(from the nearest branch pipe equivalent length(m)		≤15m	a, b, c, d, e
νρ Height	Indoor Unit-Outdoo Unit Drop Height(H	or Outdoor Unit up	≤30m	
		¹⁾ Outdoor Unit Down	≤20m	
Drop	Indoor Unit to Indoor Unit Drop Heihgt(H)		≤10m	

Note: When the total equivalent piping length of liquid + gas side is ≥90m, it must increase the size of air side main pipe. Besides, according to the distance of refrigerant pipe and the over matched state of inner unit, when the capacity is decreasing it still can increase the gas side main pipe size.

The first cennect methond



The second cennect methond



4.8 Remove Dirt or Water in the Piping

Make sure there is no any dirt or water before connectiong the piping to the outdoor units.

Wash the piping with high pressure nitrogen, never use refrigerant of outdoor unit.

4.9 Airtight Test

Charge pressured nitrogen after connecting indoor/outdoor unit piping to do airtight test.

CAUTION

- 1. Pressured nitrogen [4.3MPa (44kg/cm²) for R410A] should be used in the airtight test.
- 2. Tighten high pressure/low pressure valves before applying pressured nitrogen.
- 3. Apply pressure from air vent mouth on the hight pressure/ low pressure valves.
- 4. The high pressure/low pressure valves are closed when applying pressured nitrogen.
- 5. The airtight test should never use any oxygen, flammable gas or poisonous gas.

4.10 Air Purge with Vacuum Pump

- Using vacuum pump to do the vacuum,never using refrigerant to expel the air.
- Vacuuming should be done from both liquid side and gas side simultaneously.

4.11 Refrigerant Amount to be Added

Calculate the added refrigerant according to the diameter and the length of the liquid side pipe of the outdoor unit/indoor unit connection.

Table 4-12

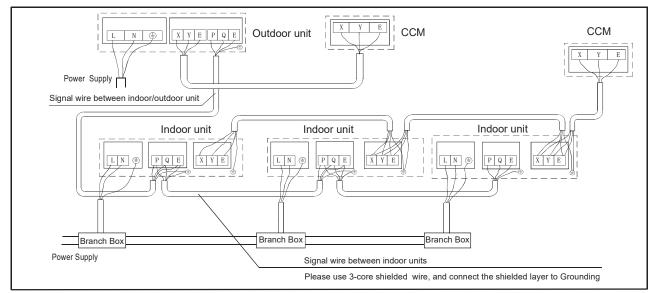
Liquid Side Piping Diameter	Refrigerant to be Added Permeter Piping	
Ф6.4	0.022kg	
Ф9.5	0.054kg	
Ф12.7	0.110kg	
Ф15.9	0.170kg	



NOTE

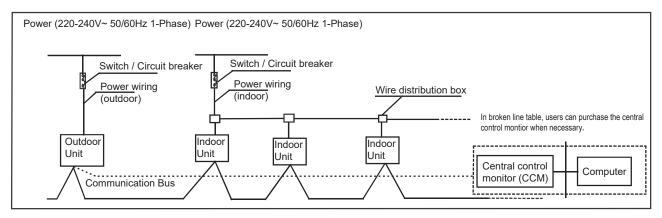
Additional refrigerant volume of divergent pipe is 0.1kg per item (Consider the liquid side of divergent pipe only)

5. ELECTRICAL WIRING



For 28~56kBtu/h(1-Phase)

Fig. 5-1



For 28~56kBtu/h

Fig. 5-2



CAUTION

- Please select power source for indoor unit and outdoor unit respectively
- The power supply has specified branch circuit with leakage protector and manual switch.
- The outdoor unit model which corresponding to different outdoor unit power supply should refer to the nameplate.(Please set all the indoor unit power of one system into the same branch circuit.)
- Please put the connective wire system between indoor unit and outdoor unit with the refrigerant system together.
- Use 3-core shielded wire as indoor unit and outdoor unit signal wire.
- The installation should comply with local electric standard.
- Power wiring should be engaged by specialized electrician.

5.1 Outdoor Unit Wiring

■ The Specification of Power

Table 5-1

Pow	er Source	220~240V~ 1Ph 50/60Hz				
Model	Capicity(kBtu/h)	28	36	42	48	56
	Hz	50/60	50/60	50/60	50/60	50/60
	Voltage (V)	220-240	220-240	220-240	220-240	220-240
	Min.(V)	187	187	187	187	187
Power Supply	Max.(V)	253	253	253	253	253
	MCA (A)	23	23	23	33	33
	TOCA (A)	25	25	25	34	34
	MFA (A)	30	30	30	40	40
Compressor	MSC	/	/	1	/	/
Compressor	RLA (A)	9.7	9.7	9.7	14.8	14.8
OFM	kW	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.2	0.2
	FLA (A)	1	1	1	1.7	1.7



CAUTION

Equipment complying with IEC 61000-3-12. A disconnection device having an air gap contact separation in all active conductors should be incorporated in the fixed wiring according to the National Wiring Regulation.



CAUTION

The reserved function is indicated in broken line table, users can select it when necessary.

Indoor/Outdoor Unit Signal Wire

Connect the wire according to their numbers.

Wrong connection may cause malfunction.

Wiring Connection

Seal the wiring connection with the insulation material , or the condensing dew will be caused.



NOTE

The air-conditioners can connect with Central Control Monitor (CCM). Before operation, please wiring correctly and set system address and network address of indoor units

5.2 Indoor Unit Wiring

Power Supply

Table 5-2

Capicit	y(kBtu/h)	7~56	
	Phase	1-Phase	
Indoor Unit Power	Voltage and Frequency	220-240V~ 50/60Hz	
	Power Wiring Size	Wire size must comply with local codes	
Circuit Bı	reaker (A)	16	
Indoor Unit Signal Wire (Weak elec		3-core shielded wire 3X0.75	

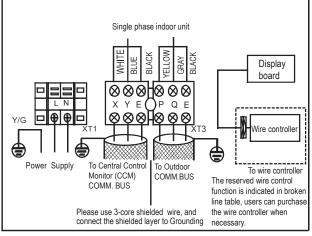


Fig. 5-3

- Signal wire is 3-core, polarized wire. Use 3-core shield wire to prevent interference. The grounding method now is grounding the closed end of the shield wire and opening (insulating) at the end. Shield is to be grounded.
- The control between outdoor unit and indoor unit is BUS type. Addresses is set on field during the installation.



CAUTION

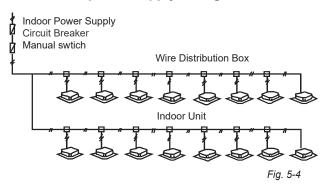
Indoor/Outdoor unit signal wire is low voltage circuit. Do not let it touch the high voltage power wire and put it to gather with power cord in the same wire distribution pipe.



NOTE

The wire diameter and continuous length is under the condition that the voltage vibration is within 2%. If the continuous length is exceed showing value, choose the wire diameter follow relevant regulation.

Indoor unit power supply wiring





CAUTION

- 1. Refrigerant piping system, indoor unit-indoor unit connection signal wires and indoor unit-outdoor unit connection singal wire are in the same system.
- 2. When power cord is parallel with signal wire, please put them into separate wire distribution pipes, and leave a proper distance. (Reference distance: It is 300mm when current capacity of power cord is less than 10A, or 500mm when 50A).
- Please use shield wire as indoor unit/outdoor unit signal wire.

Indoor/Outdoor unit signal wire wiring

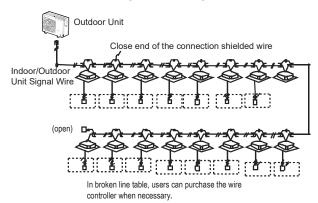


Fig. 5-5

5.3 Function setting dial switches instructions

• For 28/36/42 kBtu/h model SW3 definition: Auto Addressing Dial



SW3

SW3 (28/36/42kBtu/h) ON Obtain network address automatically 1 OFF Obtain network address manually ON Revocation indoor unit network address

● For 48/56kBtu/h model

OFF

2

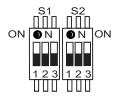


Table 5-3

	S1 (48/56kBtu/h)			
1	ON	Former indoor protocol		
	OFF	Choose the protocol automatically		
2	ON	Clean the indoor address		
	OFF	Choose the address automatically		
3	ON	EEV control by discharge temperature		
3	OFF	Auto EEV control		

Table 5-3

00 (10/50) 5(//)			
	S2 (48/56kBtu/h)		
1	ON	Cooling priority mode	
'	OFF	1	
2	ON	First Running priority mode	
	OFF	1	
3	ON	Cooling mode only	
3	OFF	1	

TEST RUNNING

Operate according to "gist for test running" on the electric control box

CAUTION

- Test running can not start until the outdoor unit has been connected to the power for 12hr.
- Test running can not start until all the valves are affirmed
- Never make the forced running. (Or the protector sits back, danger will occur.)

7. PRECAUTIONS ON REFRIGERANT LEAKAGE

This air conditioner(A/C) adopts inncouous and nonflammable refrigerant. The locating room of the A/C should big engough that any refrigerant leakage is unable to reach critical thickness. So certain esssential action can be taken on time.

- Critical thickness-----the Max. thickness of Freon without any harm to person.
- Refrigerant critical thickness: 0.44[kg/m³] for R410A.

Confirm the critical thickness through follow steps, and take necessary actions.

- Calculate the sum of the charge volume (A[kg]) Total Refrigerant volume of 10HP=factory refrigerant volume + superaddition
- 2. Calculate the indoor cubage $(B[m^3])$ (as the minimum cubage.
- 3. Calculate the refrigerant thickness

Counter measure against over high thickness

- Installmechanicalventilator to reduce the refrigerant thickness under critical level. (ventilate regularly)
- Install leak alarm facility related to mechanical ventilator if you can not regularly ventilate.

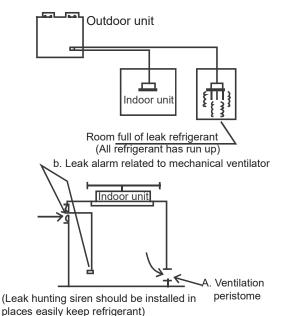


Fig. 7-1



NOTE

Please press "constraint cool" button to carry out refrigerant recycling process. Keep the low pressure above 0.2MPa, other wise compressor may be burnt out.

7.1 Important information for the used refrigerant

This product has the fluorinated gas which is listed in kyoto protocol it is forbidden to release to air.

Refrigerant type: R410A; Volume of GWP: 2088; GWP=Global Warming Potential

Model	Factory charge		
Model	Refrigerant/kg	tonnes CO2 equivalent	
28/36/42 kBtu/h	1.40	2.93	
48/56kBtu/h	2.60	5.43	

Attention:

Frequency of Refrigerant Leak Checks

- 1) For equipment that contains fluorinated greenhouse gases in quantities of 5 tonnes of CO₂ equivalent or more, but of less than 50 tonnes of CO₂ equipment, at least every 12 months, or where a leakage detection system is installed, at least every 24 months.
- 2) For equipment that contains fluorinated greenhouse gases in quantities of 50 tonnes of CO₂ equivalent or more,but of less than 500 tonnes of CO₂ equipment,at least every six months, or where a leakage detection system is installed, at least every 12 months.
- 3) For equipment that contains fluorinated greenhouse gases in quantities of 500 tonnes of CO₂ equivalent or more,at least every three months, or where a leakage detection system is installed, at least every six months.
- 4) Non-hermetically sealed equipment charged with fluorinated greenhouse gases shall only be sold to the end user where evidence is provide that the installation is to be carried out by an undertaking certified person.
- 5) Only certificated person is allowed to do installation, operation and maintenance.

8. TURN OVER TO CUSTOMER

The owner's manual of indoor unit and owner's manual of outdoor or unit must be turned over to the customer. Explain the contents in the owner's manual to the customers in details.







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